UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re) In Proceedings For A) Reorganization Under
JOHNS-MANVILLE CORPORATION,) Chapter 11
et al.,)
Debtors) Case Nos. 82 B 11656 (BRL)) Through 82 B 11676 (BRL)
) Inclusive

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2018 PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 3.02(d)(ii) and (iii) OF THE TRUST AGREEMENT

Sections 3.02(d)(ii) and (iii) of the Trust Agreement provide that the Trustees shall prepare and file with the Court within 30 days following the end of each of the first three quarters of each Fiscal Year a quarterly report containing certified financial statements and a summary of certain additional information, including the number of Trust Claims Liquidated and the average amount per Trust Claim paid or payable, the amount of investment income earned by the Trust, and the amount of Trust Expenses incurred by the Trust. The attached Financial Statements for the Period January 1, 2018 through March 31, 2018 and the exhibits thereto are

Submitted in satisfaction of the requirements that the Trust file a quarterly report. Exhibits I, II and III of the Financial Statements set forth the specific items of information required by Sections 3.02(d)(iii)(A),(C) and (D) of the Trust Agreement.

Respectfully submitted,

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST

By: _/s/ Jared S. Garelick____

Jared S. Garelick
General Counsel
Manyille Personal

Manville Personal Injury

Settlement Trust

3120 Fairview Park Dr. Ste. 200

Falls Church, Virginia 22031

(703) 205-0836

Dated: April 27, 2018

Falls Church, VA

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Jared S. Garelick, hereby certify that on April 27, 2018, I caused a true and complete copy of the Financial Statements for the Period Ending March 31, 2018 pursuant to Sections 3.02(d)(ii) and (iii) of the Manville Personal Injury Settlement Trust Agreement to be served by email or United States mail, to the entities named on the service list annexed hereto.

_ /s/ Jared S. Garelick
Jared S. Garelick

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MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST

SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

March 31, 2018 and 2017

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY AS OF MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017

ACCETC.	2018	2017
ASSETS:		
Cash equivalents and investments (Note 2)	44,000,000	10 0 10 000
Restricted (Note 8)	44,200,000	42,640,000
Unrestricted	674,471,872	698,425,838
Total cash equivalents and investments	718,671,872	741,065,838
Accrued interest and dividend receivables	2,167,286	2,122,132
Deposits and other assets	734,381	480,704
Total assets	721,573,540	743,668,674
LIABILITIES:		
Accrued expenses	2,884,565	2,911,374
Deferred income taxes (Note 9)	39,637,500	38,529,000
Unpaid claims (Notes 4, 6 and Exhibit III)		* *****
Outstanding offers	4,328,322	4,758,659
Settled, not paid	13,092,763	15,241,555
Pro rata adjustment payable - personal injury	124,465	122,290
Lease commitment payable (Note 5)	1,256,706	1,501,025
—		
Total liabilities	61,324,321	63,063,903
NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY (Note 6)	\$660,249,219	\$680,604,771

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	684,994,213	681,262,800
ADDITIONS TO NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY:		
Investment income (Exhibit I)	0	24,732,653
Decrease in lease commitments payable (Note 5)	57,277	37,076
Total additions	57,277	24,769,729
DEDUCTIONS FROM NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY:		
Investment income (Exhibit I)	2,088,857	0
Net operating expenses (Exhibit II)	577,454	611,666
Provision for income taxes	2,245,987	2,171,500
Net increase in outstanding claim offers	563,894	604,808
Claims settled for personal injury claims	19,274,928	22,039,786
Contribution and indemnity claims settled	51,152	0
Total deductions	24,802,272	25,427,759
NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY,		
END OF PERIOD	\$660,249,219	\$680,604,771

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
CASH INFLOWS:		
Investment income receipts	3,351,040	3,402,664
Net realized gains on investment securities	11,843,476	10,876,925
Total cash inflows	15,194,516	14,279,589
CASH OUTFLOWS:		•
Claim payments made	22,098,134	20,222,607
Co-defendant claim payments	51,152	0
Total claim payments	22,149,287	20,222,607
Disbursements for Trust operating expenses and		
income taxes paid	944,113	2,758,065
Increase in deposits and other assets	190,123	70,701
Total cash outflows	23,283,523	23,051,373
NET CASH (OUTFLOWS)	(8,089,007)	(8,771,784)
NON-CASH CHANGES:		
Net unrealized gains (losses) on investment		
securities	(20,475,895)	12,005,621
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH EQUIVALENTS		
AND INVESTMENTS	(28,564,902)	3,233,837
CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS		
BEGINNING OF PERIOD	747,236,774	737,832,001
CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS		
END OF PERIOD	\$718,671,872	\$741,065,838

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST

NOTES TO SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017

1. Organization Description and Summary of Significant Special-Purpose Accounting Policies

The Manville Personal Injury Settlement Trust (the Trust), organized pursuant to the laws of the state of New York with its office in Pound Ridge, New York, was established pursuant to the Manville Corporation (Manville or JM) Second Amended and Restated Plan of Reorganization (the Plan). The Trust was formed to assume Manville's liabilities resulting from pending and potential litigation involving (i) individuals exposed to asbestos who have manifested asbestos-related diseases or conditions, (ii) individuals exposed to asbestos who have not yet manifested asbestos-related diseases or conditions and (iii) third-party asbestos-related claims against Manville for indemnification or contribution. Upon consummation of the Plan, the Trust assumed liability for existing and future asbestos health claims. The Trust's funding is dedicated solely to the settlement of asbestos health claims and the related costs thereto, as defined in the Plan. The Trust was consummated on November 28, 1988.

In December 1998, the Trust formed a wholly-owned corporation, the Claims Resolution Management Corporation (CRMC), to provide the Trust with claim processing and settlement services. Prior to January 1, 1999, the Trust provided its own claim processing and settlement services. CRMC began operations on January 1, 1999 in Fairfax, Virginia and subsequently relocated to Falls Church, Virginia. The accounts of the Trust and CRMC have been consolidated for financial reporting purposes. All significant intercompany balances and transactions between the Trust and CRMC have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Trust was initially funded with cash, Manville securities and insurance settlement proceeds. Since consummation, the Trust has converted the Manville securities to cash and currently holds no Manville securities.

Basis of Presentation

The Trust's financial statements are prepared using special-purpose accounting methods that differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The special-purpose accounting methods were adopted in order to communicate to the beneficiaries of the Trust the amount of equity available for payment of current and future claims. Since the accompanying consolidated special-purpose financial statements and transactions are not based upon generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), accounting treatment by other parties for these same transactions may differ as to timing and amount. These special-purpose accounting methods are as follows:

- (1) The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.
- (2) The funding received from JM and its liability insurers was recorded directly to net claimants' equity. These funds do not represent income of the Trust. Settlement offers for asbestos health claims are reported as deductions in net claimants' equity and do not represent expenses of the Trust.
- (3) Costs of non-income producing assets, which will be exhausted during the life of the Trust and are not available for satisfying claims, are expensed as they are incurred. These costs include acquisition costs of computer hardware, software, software development, office furniture and leasehold improvements.
- (4) Future fixed liabilities and contractual obligations entered into by the Trust are recorded directly against net claimants' equity. Accordingly, the future minimum rental commitments outstanding at period end for non-cancelable operating leases, net of any sublease agreements, have been recorded as deductions to net claimants' equity.

- (5) The liability for unpaid claims reflected in the special-purpose consolidated statements of net claimants' equity represents settled but unpaid claims and outstanding settlement offers. Post-Class Action complaint claims' liability is recorded once a settlement offer is made to the claimant (Notes 4 and 6) at the amount equal to the expected pro rata payment. No liability is recorded for future claim filings and filed claims on which no settlement offer has been made. Net claimants' equity represents funding available to pay present and future claims on which no fixed liability has been recorded.
- (6) Investment securities are recorded at fair value. All interest and dividend income on investment securities, net of investment expenses are included in investment income on the special-purpose consolidated statements of changes in net claimants' equity. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investment securities are combined and recorded on the special-purpose consolidated statements of changes in net claimants' equity.

Realized gains/losses on investment securities are recorded based on the security's original cost. At the time a security is sold, all previously recorded unrealized gains/losses are reversed and recorded net, as a component of investment income in the accompanying consolidated statements of changes in net claimants' equity.

(7) The Trust records deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special-purpose accounting methods described above requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of additions and deductions to net claimants' equity during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant estimates with regard to these financial statements relate to unpaid claims, as discussed in Notes 4 and 6.

2. CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Trust has recorded all of its investment securities at fair value, as follows:

	20	18	20	017
Restricted				
		Fair Value		Fair Value
Description	Cost	Restricted	Cost	Restricted
Cash equivalents	178,246	178,246	166 201	100.004
U.S. Govt. obligations	11,264,789		166,291	166,291
		11,087,524	10,672,073	10,597,006
Corporate and other debt	19,057,469	18,848,577	19,318,359	19,301,820
Equities - U.S.	4,605,725	14,085,652	4,329,920	12,574,882
Total	35,106,230	44,200,000	34,486,644	42,640,000
	2018 2017)17	
Unrestricted				
		Fair Value		Fair Value
Description	Cost	Unrestricted	Cost	Unrestricted
Cash equivalents	34,574,557	34,574,557	41,461,990	41,461,990
U.S. Govt. obligations	96,052,378	95,227,066	95,804,500	95,503,506
Corporate and other debt	143,128,339	141,872,060	142,557,241	142,697,450
Equities - U.S.	109,396,957	331,709,503	125,640,329	343,121,043
Equities - International	36,160,233	71,088,686	44,258,358	75,641,848
Takal	440 240 404	074 474 070		
Total	419,312,464	674,471,872	449,722,418	698,425,838

The Trust invests in two types of derivative financial instruments. Equity index futures are used as strategic substitutions to cost effectively replicate the underlying index of its domestic equity investment fund. At March 31, 2018, the fair value of these instruments was approximately \$2.8 million and was included in investments on the special-purpose consolidated statements of net claimants' equity. Foreign currency forwards are utilized for both currency translation purposes and to economically hedge against some of the currency risk inherent in foreign equity issues and are generally for periods up to 90 days. At March 31, 2018, the Trust held \$35.7 million in net foreign currency forward contracts. The unrealized gain on these outstanding currency forward contracts of approximately \$0.03 million is offset by an equal unrealized loss due to currency exchange on the underlying international securities. These net amounts are recorded in the special-purpose consolidated statements of net claimants' equity at March 31, 2018.

The Trust invests in professionally managed portfolios that contain common shares of publicly traded companies, U.S. government obligations, U.S. and International equities, corporate and other debt, and money market funds. Such investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the Trust's account balance in the future and the amounts reported in the special-purpose consolidated statements of net claimants' equity and special-purpose consolidated statements of changes in net claimants' equity.

3. FIXED ASSETS

The cost of non-income producing assets that will be exhausted during the life of the Trust and are not available for satisfying claims are expensed as incurred. Since inception, the cost of fixed assets expensed, net of disposals, include:

Acquisition of furniture and equipment	241,738
Acquisition of computer hardware and software	396,935
Computer software development (e-Claims)	2,361,100
Total	\$2,999,773

These items have not been recorded as assets, but rather as direct deductions to net claimants' equity in the accompanying special-purpose consolidated financial statements.

4. UNPAID CLAIMS

The Trust distinguishes between claims that were resolved prior to the filing of the class action complaint on November 19, 1990, and claims resolved after the filing of that complaint. Claims resolved prior to the complaint (Pre-Class Action Claims) were resolved under various payment plans, all of which called for 100% payment of the full liquidated amount without interest over some period of time. However, between July 1990 and February 1995, payments on all claims, except qualified exigent health and hardship claims, were stayed by the courts. By court order on July 22, 1993 (which became final on January 11, 1994), a plan submitted by the Trust was approved to immediately pay, subject to claimant approval, a discounted amount on settled, but unpaid Pre-Class Action Claims, in full satisfaction of these claims. The discount amount taken, based on the claimants who accepted the Trust's discounted offer, was approximately \$135 million.

The unpaid liability for the Post-Class Action claims represents outstanding offers made in first-in, first-out (FIFO) order to claimants eligible for settlement after November 19, 1990. Under the Trust Distribution Process (TDP) (Note 6), claimants receive an initial pro rata payment equal to a percentage of the liquidated value of their claim. The Trust remains liable for the unpaid portion of the liquidated amount only to the extent that assets are available after paying all claimants the established pro rata share of their claims. The Trust makes these offers electronically for law firms that file their claims electronically (e-filers), or by sending an offer letter and a release form for claimants that file their proof of claim on paper. E-filers may accept their offers electronically and the Trust records a settled, but unpaid claim at the time of acceptance, then makes payment upon receipt of an acceptable signed release. Paper filers may accept their offer by submitting an acceptable signed release, upon receipt of which the Trust sends a check. An unpaid claim liability is recorded once an offer is made. The unpaid claim liability remains on the Trust's books until accepted or expiration of the offer after 360 days. Expired offers may be reinstated if the claimant accepts the original offer within two years of offer expiration.

5. COMMITMENT

In August 2014, CRMC signed a new 7-year and 7-month office lease effective October 1, 2015 at a similar location in Falls Church, Virginia. The new lease provides 7 months free rent and an option for early termination after 5 years and 7 months subject to an early termination fee.

Future minimum rental commitments under this operating lease, as of March 31, 2018, are as follows:

Calendar Year	<u>Amount</u>
2018	173,549
2019	237,746
2020	244,880
2021	252,225
2022	259,783
2023	88,524
	\$1,256,706

This obligation has been recorded as a liability in the accompanying special-purpose consolidated statement of net claimants' equity.

6. NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY

A class action complaint was filed on behalf of all Trust beneficiaries on November 19, 1990, seeking to restructure the methods by which the Trust administers and pays claims. On July 25, 1994, the parties signed a Stipulation of Settlement that included a revised TDP. The TDP prescribes certain procedures for distributing the Trust's limited assets, including pro rata payments and initial determination of claim value based on scheduled diseases and values. The Court approved the settlement in an order dated January 19, 1995 and the Trust implemented the TDP payment procedures effective February 21, 1995.

Prior to the commencement of the class action in 1990, the Trust filed a motion for a determination that its assets constitute a "limited fund" for purposes of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(b)(1)(B). The Courts adopted the findings of the Special Master that the Trust is a "limited fund". In part, the limited fund finding concludes that there is a substantial probability that estimated future assets of the Trust are and will be insufficient to pay in full all claims that have been and will be asserted against the Trust.

The TDP contains certain procedures for the distribution of the Trust's limited assets. Under the TDP, the Trust forecasts its anticipated annual sources and uses of cash until the last projected future claim has been paid. A pro rata payment percentage is calculated such that the Trust will have no remaining assets or liabilities after the last future claimant receives his/her pro rata share.

Prior to the implementation of the TDP, the Trust conducted its own research and monitored studies prepared by the Courts' appointee regarding the valuation of Trust assets and liabilities. Based on this valuation, the TDP provided for an initial 10% payment of the liquidated value of then current and estimated future claims (pro rata payment percentage). As required by the TDP, the Trust has periodically reviewed the values of its projected assets and liabilities to determine whether a revised pro rata payment percentage should be applied. In June 2001, the pro rata percentage was reduced from 10% to 5%.

During the second and third quarters of 2002, the Selected Counsel for the Beneficiaries (SCB) and Legal Representative of Future Claimants (Legal Representative) and the Trust met to discuss amending the TDP. As a result of these meetings, in late August 2002, the parties agreed to TDP amendments that are now contained in what is referred to as the "2002 TDP". The 2002 TDP principally changes the categorization criteria and scheduled values for the scheduled diseases.

In January 2008, the Trust completed a review of the Trust's projected assets and liabilities. Based upon this review, the Trustees approved an increase in the pro rata percentage from 5% to 7.5%. This proposed change received the required concurrence of the SCB and the Legal Representative in early March 2008. Under the TDP, any claimant who received less than the current pro rata percentage is entitled to receive a retroactive payment sufficient to increase their previous payment percentage to the current pro rata percentage. Accordingly, the Trust recorded a liability of \$365.7 million for approximately 282,000 personal injury claimants eligible to receive a retroactive payment.

In January 2012, the Trustees amended the 2002 TDP to include a provision requiring the Trust to determine the Maximum Annual Payment (MAP) amount, which limits the amount of claim payments in any one year based upon its projections of assets and liabilities at the current pro rata percentage. Once the claim payments in any one year reach the annual MAP amount, the Trust ceases claim payments and any unpaid claims are carried over to the next year and placed at the front of the FIFO payment queue.

In August 2014, the Trust completed a review of the Trust's projected assets and liabilities. Based upon this review, the Trustees approved a decrease in the pro rata percentage from 7.5% to 6.25%. This change received the required concurrence of the SCB and Legal Representative.

In November 2016, the Trust completed a review of the Trust's projected assets and liabilities. Based upon this review, the Trustees approved a decrease in the pro rata percentage from 6.25% to 5.1%. This change received the required concurrence of the SCB and Legal Representative. All claimants receiving offers after November 4, 2016, were paid a pro rata percentage of 5.1%.

7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Trust established a tax-deferred employee savings plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, with an effective date of January 1, 1988. On April 7, 2016, the plan was amended and restated as the CRMC Salary Savings and Retirement Plan. The plan allows employees to defer a percentage of their salaries within limits set by the Internal Revenue Code with CRMC matching contributions by employees of up to 6% of their salaries. The total employer contributions and expenses under the plan were approximately \$50,600 and \$66,300 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The Trust and CRMC (collectively, the Employer) established a nonqualified, unfunded deferred compensation plan in accordance with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, with an effective date of November 1, 1995. The plan was most recently amended and restated effective January 1, 2005 and is maintained primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation to senior management. The plan allows participants to defer up to 100% of any bonuses and any other incentive compensation paid during the year, as well as up to 25% of their base salaries. Participant accounts are credited monthly with a hypothetical rate of return based on the investment options offered by the Employer and chosen by the participant. However, the Employer is not obligated to purchase any investments selected. Any and all payments made to participants pursuant to the plan shall be made from the general assets of the Employer. All participant accounts under the plan shall be for bookkeeping purposes only and do not represent claims against specific assets of the Employer. The plan does not create a trust of any kind or a fiduciary relationship. Other than calculating and applying hypothetical rates of return to participant accounts, no other Employer contributions shall be made. For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, deferred compensation expense due to participant-elected investment returns totaled approximately \$0 and \$5,700, respectively. As of March 31, 2018 and 2017, deferred compensation liabilities totaled approximately \$0 and \$97,400, respectively. There were no employee contributions to the plan during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

8. RESTRICTED CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

In order to avoid the high costs of director and officer liability insurance (approximately \$2.5 million in 1990), the Trust ceased purchasing such insurance in 1991 and, with the approval of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, the Trust established a segregated security fund. Pursuant to this authority, the Trust currently maintains \$30 million in a separate escrow account for the purpose of securing the obligation of the Trust to indemnify former and current Trustees. The investment earnings on these escrow accounts accrue to the benefit of the Trust.

Additionally, as a condition of the tax agreement between JM and the Trust discussed in Note 9, the Trust was required to transfer \$30 million in cash to an escrow account to secure the payment of its future income tax obligations post settlement of the transaction. The escrow account balance may be increased or decreased over time. As of March 31, 2018, securities with a market value of \$55 million were held by an escrow agent, of which \$14.2 million is reported as restricted in accordance with the agreement.

9. INCOME TAXES

For federal income tax purposes, JM had elected for the qualified assets of the Trust to be taxed as a Designated Settlement Fund (DSF). Income and expenses associated with the DSF are taxed in accordance with Section 468B of the Internal Revenue Code, which obligates JM to pay for any federal income tax liability imposed upon the DSF. In addition, pursuant to an agreement between JM and the Trust, JM is obligated to pay for any income tax liability of the Trust. In a subsequent separate agreement between the Trust and JM to facilitate the sale of JM to a third party, JM paid the Trust \$90 million to settle the JM obligation to the Trust. In return, the Trust terminated JM's contractual liability for income taxes of the DSF and agreed to indemnify JM in respect for all future income taxes of the Trust and established an escrow fund to secure such indemnification. The statutory income tax rate for this DSF is 15%. As a New York domiciled trust, the Trust is not subject to state income taxes. CRMC files separate federal and state corporate income tax returns.

As of March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Trust has recorded a net deferred tax liability from net unrealized gains on investment securities of approximately \$39.6 million and \$38.5 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Trust had income taxes payable of \$1.8 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. These amounts are included with accrued expenses as of March 31, 2018 and 2017 on the consolidated statements of net claimants' equity.

10. PROOF OF CLAIM FORMS FILED

Proof of claim forms filed as of March 31, 2018 and 2017 with the Trust are as follows:

	2018	2017
Claims filed	1,030,060	1,010,477
Withdrawn (1)	(103,793)	(102,527)
Expired offers (2)	(3,072)	(2,996)
Active Claims	923,195	904,954
Settled Claims	(909,792)	(890,799)
Claims currently eligible for settlement	13,403	14,155

- (1) Principally, claims that have received a denial notification and the claim is in an expired status for more than two years. These claims must be refiled to receive a new offer.
- (2) Claims that received a Trust offer or denial, but failed to respond within the specified response period, usually 360 days. As of March 31, 2018 and 2017, approximately 430 and 574 respectively, of the claims with expired offers are still eligible to accept their original offer with a payment value of \$0.7 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. All claims with expired offers may be reactivated upon written request by the claimant and will be eligible for a new offer at the end of the FIFO queue.

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

March 31, 2018 and 2017

The following exhibits are provided in accordance with Article 3.02 (d)(iii) of the Manville Personal Injury Settlement Trust Agreement.

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENT INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Interest Dividends Total interest and dividends	1,575,362 2,133,222 3,708,584	1,360,773 2,527,337 3,888,110
Net realized gains Net unrealized gains (losses), net of the change in deferred income taxes (Note 9)	11,843,476 (17,403,895)	10,876,925 10,204,121
Investment expenses	(237,022)	(236,503)
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME	(\$2,088,857)	\$24,732,653

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED NET OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2018 AND 2017

	2018	2017
NET OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Personnel costs Office general and administrative Travel and meetings Board of Trustees Professional fees Net fixed asset purchases Web hosting and other EDP costs Other income	1,135,082 208,725 8,767 95,611 316,060 18,838 31,671 (1,237,299)	828,558 137,660 6,493 92,999 89,324 14,234 15,051 (572,653)
TOTAL NET OPERATING EXPENSES	\$577,454	\$611,666

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF LIQUIDATED CLAIMS SINCE CONSUMMATION (NOVEMBER 28, 1988) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2018

EXHIBIT III Page 1 of 2

Trust Liquidated Claims	Number	<u>Amount</u>	Average Payment Amount
Pre-Class Action Complaint November 19, 1990 and Before-			
Full Liquidated Claim Value	27,590	\$1,187,852,399	
Present Value Discount (1) Net Settlements	27,590	(135,306,535) 1,052,545,864	
Payments Unpaid Balance	(27,590) \$0	(1,052,545,864) \$0	<u>\$38,150</u>
Post-Class Action Complaint After November 19, 1990-			
Offers Made at Full Liquidated Amount	883,217	\$46,280,225,974	
Reduction in Claim Value (2) Net Offer Amount	883,217	(42,463,717,787) 3,816,508,187	
Offers Accepted	(882,202)	(3,812,179,865)	<u>\$4,321</u>
Outstanding Offers Offers Accepted, Not Paid Unpaid Balance	1,015 5,192 6,207	4,328,322 13,092,763 17,421,086	
Total Trust Liquidated Claims	909,792	4,864,725,729	<u>\$5,347</u>
Manville Liquidated Claims Paid (3)	158	\$24,946,620	
Co-Defendant Liquidated Claims (4)			
Settlement Claim Value		95,329,160	
Investment Receipts (5)		2,624,732	
Payments		(97,953,892)	
Payable		\$0	

- (1) The unpaid liability for Pre-Class Action Complaint claims has been reduced based upon a plan approved by the Courts in January, 1994 which requires the Trust to offer to pay a discounted amount in full satisfaction of the unpaid claim amount.
- (2) Under the TDP, Post Class Action Complaint claims have been reported at a pro rata percentage of their liquidated value.
- (3) Manville Liquidated Claims refers to Liquidated AH Claims (as defined in the Plan) which the Trust has paid pursuant to an order of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York dated January 27, 1987.
- (4) Number of personal injury claimants not identifiable.
- (5) Investment receipts of separate investment escrow account established for the sub-class beneficiaries per the Stipulation of Settlement, net of income taxes.

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF LIQUIDATED CLAIMS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

Trust Liquidated Claims Post-Class Action Complaint After November 19, 1990 (1)	<u>Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Average Payment Amount
Offers Outstanding as of December 31, 2017	932	\$3,764,428	
Net Offers Made (2)	4,928	19,838,822	
Offers Accepted Offers Outstanding as of March 31, 2018	<u>(4,845)</u> 1,015	(19,274,928) 4,328,322	<u>\$3,978</u>
Offers Accepted, Not Paid as of March 31, 2018	5,192	13,092,763	
Payable as of March 31, 2018	6,207	\$17,421,086	

Co-Defendant Liquidated Claims

Payable as of December 31, 2017	0
Settled	51,152
Paid	(51,152)
Payable as of March 31, 2018	\$0

⁽¹⁾ Under the TDP, Post Class Action Complaint claims have been reported at a pro rata percentage of their liquidated value.

⁽²⁾ Represents payment offers made during the period net of rejected and expired offers.