UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re) In Proceedings For A) Reorganization Under
JOHNS-MANVILLE CORPORATION,) Chapter 11
et al.,) Case Nos. 82 B 11656 (BRL)
Debtors) Through 82 B 11676 (BRL)) Inclusive

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2015 PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 3.02(d)(ii) and (iii) OF THE TRUST AGREEMENT

Sections 3.02(d)(ii) and (iii) of the Trust Agreement provide that the Trustees shall prepare and file with the Court within 30 days following the end of each of the first three quarters of each Fiscal Year a quarterly report containing certified financial statements and a summary of certain additional information, including the number of Trust Claims Liquidated and the average amount per Trust Claim paid or payable, the amount of investment income earned by the Trust, and the amount of Trust Expenses incurred by the Trust. The attached Financial Statements for the Period January 1, 2015 through March 31, 2015 and the exhibits thereto are

Submitted in satisfaction of the requirements that the Trust file a quarterly report. Exhibits I, II and III of the Financial Statements set forth the specific items of information required by Sections 3.02(d)(iii)(A),(C) and (D) of the Trust Agreement.

Respectfully submitted,

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST

By: _/s/ Jared S. Garelick____

Jared S. Garelick
General Counsel
Manville Personal Injury
Settlement Trust
3110 Fairview Park Dr. Ste. 200
P.O. Box 12003
Falls Church, Virginia 22031
(703) 205-0836

Dated: April 30, 2015

Falls Church, VA

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Jared S. Garelick, hereby certify that on April 30, 2015, I caused a true and complete copy of the Financial Statements for the Period Ending March 31, 2015 pursuant to Sections 3.02(d)(ii) and (iii) of the Manville Personal Injury Settlement Trust Agreement to be served by email, to the entities named on the service list annexed hereto.

_ /s/ Jared S. Garelick
Jared S. Garelick

Professor Lester Brickman
BENJAMIN CARDOZO SCHOOL OF LAW
Brookdale Center
55 Fifth Avenue
New York, NY 10003
brickman@yu.edu

Paul M. Matheny, Esq.
Bruce McElhone, Esq.
LAW OFFICES OF PETER ANGELOS
One Charles Center
100 N. Charles St.
Baltimore, MD 21201-3812
pmatheny@lawPGA.com
bmcelhon@lawpga.com

Stephen J. Carroll RAND Institute 1776 Main St. P.O. Box 2138 Santa Monica, CA 90437-2138 Stephen_Carroll@rand.org

Francis Lawall, Esq.
PEPPER HAMILTON LLP
3000 Two Logan Square
18th & Arch Streets
Philadelphia, PA 19103
lawallf@pepperlaw.com

Diana G. Adams, Esq.
UNITED STATES TRUSTEE
33 Whitehall St., 21st FI.
Suite 210C
New York, NY 10004
diana.g.adams@vzw.blackberry.net

Joseph F. Rice, Esq. MOTLEY RICE LLC 28 Bridgeside Blvd. Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464 jrice@motleyrice.com Matthew P. Bergman, Esq. Law Offices of Matthew Bergman 17530 Vashon Highway, SW P.O. Box 2010 Vashon, WA 98070 matt@bergmanlegal.com

Barbara J. Stutz, Esq. BUNDA STUTZ & DEWITT 3295 Levis Commons Blvd. Perrysburg, OH 43551 bistutz@bsd-law.com

Francine R. Rabinovitz
HAMILTON, RABINOVITZ
& ALSCHULER, INC.
36656 Highway 1, Coast Route
Monterey, CA 93940
FRabinov@aol.com

Raji Bhagavatula MILLIMAN USA One Penn Plaza, 38th FI. New York, NY 10119 raji.bhagavatula@milliman.com

Robert Steinberg, Esq. ROSE, KLEIN & MARIAS 801 So. Grand Avenue, 18th FI. Los Angeles, CA 90017 r.steinberg@rkmlaw.net Leslie G. Fagen, Esq.
PAUL, WEISS, RIFKIND, WHARTON
1285 Avenue of the Americas
New York, NY 10019
Ifagen@paulweiss.com

Maria Keane, Esq.
PAUL, WEISS, RIFKIND, WHARTON
1285 Avenue of the Americas
New York, NY 10019
mkeane@paulweiss.com

Elihu Inselbuch, Esq. CAPLIN & DRYSDALE 375 Park Avenue, 35th Fl. New York, NY 10152-3500 ei@capdale.com

Ann C. McMillan, Esq. CAPLIN & DRYSDALE One Thomas Circle, NW Suite 1100 Washington, DC 20005 acm@capdale.com

Russell Budd, Esq. BARON & BUDD 3102 Oak Lawn Avenue Dallas, TX 75219 rbudd@baronbudd.com

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST

SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST

The special purpose consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited. In the opinion of the management of the Trust, the accompanying special purpose consolidated financial statements present fairly, subject to normal year-end adjustments, the consolidated net claimant's equity as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 and the consolidated changes in net claimants' equity and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, presented on the special-purpose basis of accounting described in Note 2, which accounting methods have been applied on a consistent basis.

_/signed/_William L. Tomlinson William L. Tomlinson Chief Financial Officer

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY AS OF MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS:		
Cash equivalents and investments (Note 3)		
Restricted (Note 9)	\$44,500,000	\$42,200,000
Unrestricted	797,431,281	828,374,393
Total cash equivalents and investments	841,931,281	870,574,393
Accrued interest and dividend receivables	2,763,235	2,769,156
Deposits and other assets	459,953	417,958
Total assets	845,154,469	873,761,507
LIABILITIES:		
Accrued expenses	2,952,648	3,630,397
Deferred income taxes (Note 10)	42,870,000	41,691,000
Unpaid claims (Notes 5, 7 and Exh. III)		
Outstanding offers	12,155,738	5,888,760
Settled, not paid	5,094,221	4,371,210
Pro rata adjustment payable - personal injury	110,577	110,152
Lease commitment payable (Note 6)	1,846,031	482,278
Total liabilities	65,029,215	56,173,797
NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY (Note 7)	\$780,125,254	\$817,587,710

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY,		
BEGINNING OF PERIOD	\$789,079,077	\$834,883,011
ADDITIONS TO NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY:		
Investment income (Exhibit I)	16,328,646	11,734,476
Net decrease in outstanding claim offers	-	5,414,577
Decrease in lease commitments payable (Note 6)	81,171	78,796
Total additions	16,409,817	17,227,849
DEDUCTIONS FROM NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY:		
Net operating expenses (Exhibit II)	1,099,990	1,287,483
Provision for income taxes	1,796,900	1,971,400
Net increase in outstanding claim offers	2,004,607	-
Claims settled for personal injury claims	20,462,143	31,264,267
Contribution and indemnity claims settled	-	
Total deductions	25,363,640	34,523,150
NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY,		
END OF PERIOD	\$780,125,254	\$817,587,710

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
CASH INFLOWS:		
Investment income receipts	\$3,695,397	\$4,813,590
Net realized gains on investment securities	9,018,159	9,154,101
Decrease in deposits and other assets	6,958	79,940
Total cash inflows	12,720,514	14,047,631
CASH OUTFLOWS:		
Claim payments made	18,182,784	54,327,882
Co-defendant claim payments		
Total claim payments	18,182,784	54,327,882
Disbursements for Trust operating expenses and		
income taxes paid	2,609,079	4,597,847
Increase in deposits and other assets	2,000,070	-
Total cash outflows	20,791,863	58,925,729
NET CASH (OUTFLOWS)	(8,071,349)	(44,878,098)
NON-CASH CHANGES:		
Net unrealized gains (losses) gains on investment		
securities	3,713,556	(2,900,073)
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH EQUIVALENTS		
AND INVESTMENTS	(4,357,793)	(47,778,171)
	,	•
CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS	046 000 074	049 350 564
BEGINNING OF PERIOD	846,289,074	918,352,564
CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS		
END OF PERIOD	\$841,931,281	\$870,574,393

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTELEMENT TRUST

NOTES TO SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF MARCH, 31 2015 AND 2014

(1) DESCRIPTION OF THE TRUST

The Manville Personal Injury Settlement Trust (the Trust), organized pursuant to the laws of the state of New York with its office in Pound Ridge, New York, was established pursuant to the Manville Corporation (Manville or JM) Second Amended and Restated Plan of Reorganization (the Plan). The Trust was formed to assume Manville's liabilities resulting from pending and potential litigation involving (i) individuals exposed to asbestos who have manifested asbestos-related diseases or conditions, (ii) individuals exposed to asbestos who have not yet manifested asbestos-related diseases or conditions and (iii) third-party asbestos-related claims against Manville for indemnification or contribution. Upon consummation of the Plan, the Trust assumed liability for existing and future asbestos health claims. The Trust's initial funding is described below under "Funding of the Trust." The Trust's funding is dedicated solely to the settlement of asbestos health claims and the related costs thereto, as defined in the Plan. The Trust was consummated on November 28, 1988.

In December 1998, the Trust formed a wholly-owned corporation, the Claims Resolution Management Corporation (CRMC), to provide the Trust with claim processing and settlement services. Prior to January 1, 1999, the Trust provided its own claim processing and settlement services. CRMC began operations on January 1, 1999 in Fairfax, Virginia and subsequently relocated to Falls Church, Virginia. The accounts of the Trust and CRMC have been consolidated for financial reporting purposes. All significant intercompany balances and transactions between the Trust and CRMC have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Trust was initially funded with cash, Manville securities and insurance settlement proceeds. Since consummation, the Trust has converted the Manville securities to cash and currently holds no Manville securities.

(2) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Presentation

The Trust's financial statements are prepared using special-purpose accounting methods that differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The special-purpose accounting methods were adopted in order to communicate to the beneficiaries of the Trust the amount of equity available for payment of current and future claims. Since the accompanying consolidated special-purpose financial statements and transactions are not based upon generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), accounting treatment by other parties for these same transactions may differ as to timing and amount. These special-purpose accounting methods are as follows:

- (1) The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.
- (2) The funding received from JM and its liability insurers was recorded directly to net claimants' equity. These funds do not represent income of the Trust. Settlement offers for asbestos health claims are reported as deductions in net claimants' equity and do not represent expenses of the Trust.
- (3) Costs of non-income producing assets, which will be exhausted during the life of the Trust and are not available for satisfying claims, are expensed as they are incurred. These costs include acquisition costs of computer hardware, software, software development, office furniture and leasehold improvements.

- (4) Future fixed liabilities and contractual obligations entered into by the Trust are recorded directly against net claimants' equity. Accordingly, the future minimum rental commitments outstanding at period end for non-cancelable operating leases, net of any sublease agreements, have been recorded as deductions to net claimants' equity.
- (5) The liability for unpaid claims reflected in the special-purpose consolidated statements of net claimants' equity represents settled but unpaid claims and outstanding settlement offers. Post-Class Action complaint claims' liability is recorded once a settlement offer is made to the claimant (Note 5) at the amount equal to the expected pro rata payment. No liability is recorded for future claim filings and filed claims on which no settlement offer has been made. Net claimants' equity represents funding available to pay present and future claims on which no fixed liability has been recorded.
- (6) Investment securities are recorded at fair value. All interest and dividend income on investment securities, net of investment expenses are included in investment income on the special-purpose consolidated statements of changes in net claimants' equity. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investment securities are combined and recorded on the special-purpose consolidated statements of changes in net claimants' equity.

Realized gains/losses on investment securities are recorded based on the security's original cost. At the time a security is sold, all previously recorded unrealized gains/losses are reversed and recorded net, as a component of other unrealized gains/losses in the accompanying consolidated statements of changes in net claimants' equity.

(7) The Trust records deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities.

(b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the special-purpose accounting methods described above requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of additions and deductions to net claimants' equity during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant estimates with regard to these financial statements relate to unpaid claims, as discussed in Notes 5 and 7.

(3) CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Trust has recorded all of its investment securities at fair value, as follows:

	2	2015	201	4
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair
Value				
Restricted				
Cash equivalents	\$174,853	\$ 174,853	\$383,631	\$ 383,631
U.S. Govt. obligations	10,183,506	10,225,650	7,720,430	7,929,492
Corporate and other debt	21,738,327	21,631,882	23,289,048	23,295,227
Equities - U.S.	4,685,259	12,467,615	4,389,047	10,591,650
Total	\$36,781,945	\$44,500,000	\$35,982,156	\$42,200,000
	2	2015	20	14
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair
Value				
Unrestricted				
Cash equivalents	\$25,376,143	\$25,376,143	\$40,480,721	\$40,480,721
U.S. Govt. obligations	88,222,779	90,259,007	89,130,232	89,903,461
Corporate and other debt	174,441,570	175,088,498	186,295,668	187,576,934
Equities - U.S.	173,986,235	412,115,947	191,949,124	422,794,228
Equities - International	57,324,101	94,591,686	48,798,421	87,619,049
Total	\$519,350,828	\$797,431,281	\$556,654,166	\$828,374,393

The Trust invests in two types of derivative financial instruments. Equity index futures are used as strategic substitutions to cost effectively replicate the underlying index of its domestic equity investment fund. At March 31, 2015, the fair value of these instruments was approximately \$3.8 million and was included in investments on the special-purpose consolidated statements of net claimants' equity. Foreign currency forwards are utilized for both currency translation purposes and to economically hedge against some of the currency risk inherent in foreign equity issues and are generally for periods up to 90 days. At March 31, 2015, the Trust held \$48.2 million in net foreign currency forward contracts. The unrealized gain on these outstanding currency forward contracts of approximately \$0.5 million is offset by an equal unrealized loss due to currency exchange on the underlying international securities. These net amounts are recorded in the special-purpose consolidated statements of net claimants' equity at March 31, 2015.

The Trust invests in professionally managed portfolios that contain common shares of publicly traded companies, U.S. government obligations, U.S. and International equities, corporate and other debt, and money market funds. Such investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the Trust's account balance in the future and the amounts reported in the special-purpose consolidated statements of net claimants' equity and special-purpose consolidated statements of changes in net claimants' equity.

(4) FIXED ASSETS

The cost of non-income producing assets that will be exhausted during the life of the Trust and are not available for satisfying claims are expensed as incurred. Since inception, the cost of fixed assets expensed, net of disposals, include:

Acquisition of furniture and equipment Acquisition of computer hardware and software Computer software development (e-Claims)	\$ 260,600 258,900 2,361,100
Total	\$2,880.600

These items have not been recorded as assets, but rather as direct deductions to net claimants' equity in the accompanying special-purpose consolidated financial statements.

(5) UNPAID CLAIMS

The Trust distinguishes between claims that were resolved prior to the filing of the class action complaint on November 19, 1990, and claims resolved after the filing of that complaint. Claims resolved prior to the complaint (Pre-Class Action Claims) were resolved under various payment plans, all of which called for 100% payment of the full liquidated amount without interest over some period of time. However, between July 1990 and February 1995, payments on all claims, except qualified exigent health and hardship claims, were stayed by the courts. By court order on July 22, 1993 (which became final on January 11, 1994), a plan submitted by the Trust was approved to immediately pay, subject to claimant approval, a discounted amount on settled, but unpaid Pre-Class Action Claims, in full satisfaction of these claims. The discount amount taken, based on the claimants who accepted the Trust's discounted offer, was approximately \$135 million.

The unpaid liability for the Post-Class Action claims represents outstanding offers made in first-in, first-out (FIFO) order to claimants eligible for settlement after November 19, 1990. Under the Trust Distribution Process (TDP) (Note 7), claimants receive an initial pro rata payment equal to a percentage of the liquidated value of their claim. The Trust remains liable for the unpaid portion of the liquidated amount only to the extent that assets are available after paying all claimants the established pro rata share of their claims. The Trust makes these offers electronically for law firms that file their claims electronically (e-filers), or in the form of a check made payable to the claimant and/or claimant's counsel for claimants that file their proof of claim on paper. E-filers may accept their offers electronically and the Trust records a settled, but unpaid claim at the time of acceptance. Paper filers may accept their offer by depositing the check. An unpaid claim liability is recorded once an offer is made. The unpaid claim liability remains on the Trust's books until accepted or expiration of the offer after 360 days. Expired offers may be reinstated if the claimant accepts the original offer within two years of offer expiration.

(6) COMMITMENT

In August 2014, CRMC signed a new 7-year and 7-month office lease effective October 1, 2015 at a similar location in Falls Church, Virginia. CRMC's current lease expires on September 30, 2015. The new lease provides 7 months free rent and an option for early termination after 5 years and 7 months subject to an early termination fee.

Future minimum rental commitments under this operating lease, as of March 31, 2015, are as follows:

Calendar Year	<u>Amount</u>
2015	\$162,342
2016	145,588
2017	224,117
2018	230,826
2019	237,746
2020	244,880
2021	252,225
2022	259,783

2023 88,524

\$1,846,031

This obligation has been recorded as a liability in the accompanying special-purpose consolidated statement of net claimants' equity.

(7) NET CLAIMANTS' EQUITY

A class action complaint was filed on behalf of all Trust beneficiaries on November 19, 1990, seeking to restructure the methods by which the Trust administers and pays claims. On July 25, 1994, the parties signed a Stipulation of Settlement that included a revised TDP. The TDP prescribes certain procedures for distributing the Trust's limited assets, including pro rata payments and initial determination of claim value based on scheduled diseases and values. The Court approved the settlement in an order dated January 19, 1995 and the Trust implemented the TDP payment procedures effective February 21, 1995.

Prior to the commencement of the class action in 1990, the Trust filed a motion for a determination that its assets constitute a "limited fund" for purposes of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(b)(1)(B). The Courts adopted the findings of the Special Master that the Trust is a "limited fund". In part, the limited fund finding concludes that there is a substantial probability that estimated future assets of the Trust are and will be insufficient to pay in full all claims that have been and will be asserted against the Trust.

The TDP contains certain procedures for the distribution of the Trust's limited assets. Under the TDP, the Trust forecasts its anticipated annual sources and uses of cash until the last projected future claim has been paid. A pro rata payment percentage is calculated such that the Trust will have no remaining assets or liabilities after the last future claimant receives his/her pro rata share.

Prior to the implementation of the TDP, the Trust conducted its own research and monitored studies prepared by the Courts' appointee regarding the valuation of Trust assets and liabilities. Based on this valuation, the TDP provided for an initial 10% payment of the liquidated value of then current and estimated future claims (pro rata payment percentage). As required by the TDP, the Trust has periodically reviewed the values of its projected assets and liabilities to determine whether a revised pro rata payment percentage should be applied. In June 2001, the pro rata percentage was reduced from 10% to 5%.

During the second and third quarters of 2002, the Selected Counsel for the Beneficiaries (SCB) and Legal Representative of Future Claimants (Legal Representative) and the Trust met to discuss amending the TDP. As a result of these meetings, in late August 2002, the parties agreed to TDP amendments that are now contained in what is referred to as the "2002 TDP". The 2002 TDP principally changes the categorization criteria and scheduled values for the scheduled diseases.

In January 2008, the Trust completed a review of the Trust's projected assets and liabilities. Based upon this review, the Trustees approved an increase in the pro rata percentage from 5% to 7.5%. This proposed change received the required concurrence of the SCB and the Legal Representative in early March 2008. Under the TDP, any claimant who received less than the current pro rata percentage is entitled to receive a retroactive payment sufficient to increase their previous payment percentage to the current pro rata percentage. Accordingly, the Trust recorded a liability of \$365.7 million for approximately 282,000 personal injury claimants eligible to receive a retroactive payment.

In January 2012, the Trustees amended the 2002 TDP to include a provision requiring the Trust to determine the Maximum Annual Payment (MAP) amount, which limits the amount of claim payments in any one year based upon its projections of assets and liabilities at the current pro rata percentage. Once the claim payments in any one year reach the annual MAP amount, the Trust ceases claim payments and any unpaid claims are carried over to the next year and placed at the front of the FIFO payment queue.

In August 2014, the Trust completed a review of the Trust's projected assets and liabilities. Based upon this review, the Trustees approved a decrease in the pro rata percentage from 7.5% to 6.25%. This change received the required concurrence of the SCB and Legal Representative. All claimants receiving offers after August 15, 2014, were paid a pro rata percentage of 6.25%.

(8) EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Trust established a tax-deferred employee savings plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, with an effective date of January 1, 1988. The plan allows employees to defer a percentage of their salaries within limits set by the Internal Revenue Code with the Trust matching contributions by employees of up to 6% of their salaries. The total employer contributions and expenses under the plan were approximately \$66,700 and \$46,500 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The Trust and CRMC (collectively, the Employer) established a nonqualified, unfunded deferred compensation plan in accordance with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, with an effective date of November 1, 1995. The plan was most recently amended and restated effective January 1, 2005 and is maintained primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation to senior management. The plan allows participants to defer up to 100% of any bonuses and any other incentive compensation paid during the year, as well as up to 25% of their base salaries. Participant accounts are credited monthly with a hypothetical rate of return based on the investment options offered by the Employer and chosen by the participant. However, the Employer is not obligated to purchase any investments selected. Any and all payments made to participants pursuant to the plan shall be made from the general assets of the Employer. All participant accounts under the plan shall be for bookkeeping purposes only and do not represent claims against specific assets of the Employer. The plan does not create a trust of any kind or a fiduciary relationship. Other than calculating and applying hypothetical rates of return to participant accounts, no other Employer contributions shall be made. For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, deferred compensation expense due to participant-elected investment returns totaled approximately \$1,800 and \$2,000, respectively. As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, deferred compensation liabilities totaled approximately \$89,300 and \$151,700, respectively. There were no employee contributions to the plan during for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

(9) RESTRICTED CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

In order to avoid the high costs of director and officer liability insurance (approximately \$2.5 million in 1990), the Trust ceased purchasing such insurance in 1991 and, with the approval of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, the Trust established a segregated security fund. Pursuant to this authority, the Trust currently maintains \$30 million in a separate escrow account for the purpose of securing the obligation of the Trust to indemnify former and current Trustees. The investment earnings on these escrow accounts accrue to the benefit of the Trust.

Additionally, as a condition of the tax agreement between JM and the Trust discussed in Note 10, the Trust was required to transfer \$30 million in cash to an escrow account to secure the payment of its future income tax obligations post settlement of the transaction. The escrow account balance may be increased or decreased over time. As of March 31, 2015, securities with a market value of \$70.4 million were held by an escrow agent, of which \$14.5 million is reported as restricted in accordance with the agreement.

(10) INCOME TAXES

For federal income tax purposes, JM had elected for the qualified assets of the Trust to be taxed as a Designated Settlement Fund (DSF). Income and expenses associated with the DSF are taxed in accordance with Section 468B of the Internal Revenue Code, which obligates JM to pay for any federal income tax liability imposed upon the DSF. In addition, pursuant to an agreement between JM and the Trust, JM is obligated to pay for any income tax liability of the Trust. In a subsequent separate agreement between the Trust and JM to facilitate the sale of JM to a third party, JM paid the Trust \$90 million to settle the JM obligation to the Trust. In return, the Trust terminated JM's contractual liability for income taxes of the DSF and agreed to indemnify JM in respect for all future income taxes of the Trust and established an escrow fund to secure such indemnification. The statutory income tax rate for the DSF is 15%. As a New York domiciled trust, the Trust is not subject to state income taxes. CRMC files separate federal and state corporate income taxes returns.

As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Trust has recorded a net deferred tax liability of from net unrealized gains on investment securities of \$42.9 million and \$41.7 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Trust had income taxes payable of \$1.8 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. These amounts

are included with accrued expenses as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 on the consolidated statements of net claimants' equity.

(11) PROOF OF CLAIM FORMS FILED

Proof of claim forms filed as March 31, 2015 and 2014 with the Trust are as follows:

	2015	2014
Claims filed	968,232	946,986
Withdrawn (1)	(98,060)	(96,925)
Expired offers (2)	(3,799)	(3,650)
Active claims	866,373	846,411
Settled claims	(846,205)	(827,666)
Claims currently eligible for settlement	20,168	18,522

⁽¹⁾ Principally claims that have received a denial notification and the claim is in an expired status for more than two years. These claims must be refiled to receive a new offer.

⁽²⁾ Claims that received a Trust offer or denial, but failed to respond within the specified response period, usually 360 days. As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, approximately 1,100 and 1,140 respectively, of the claims with expired offers are still eligible to accept their original offer with a payment value of \$1.8 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. All claims with expired offers may be reactivated upon written request by the claimant and will be eligible for a new offer at the end of the FIFO queue.

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

The following exhibits are provided in accordance with Article 3.02 (d)(iii) of the Manville Personal Injury Settlement Trust Agreement.

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED INVESTMENT INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Interest	\$ 1,644,163 \$	1,856,087
Dividends	2,802,210	3,494,292
Total interest and dividends	4,446,373	5,350,379
Net realized gains	9,018,159	9,154,101
Net unrealized gains (losses), net of the change in deferred income taxes (Note 10)	3,156,556	(2,465,073)
Investment expenses	(292,442)	(304,931)
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME	\$ 16,328,646 \$	11,734,476

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SPECIAL-PURPOSE CONSOLIDATED NET OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

	-	2015	 2014
NET OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Personnel costs	\$	924,958	\$ 910,930
Office general and administrative		126,434	158,809
Travel and meetings		29,951	27,329
Board of Trustees		158,496	185,343
Professional fees		152,335	281,861
Net fixed asset purchases		8,021	30,724
Web hosting and other EDP costs		36,007	11,156
Other income		(336,212)	 (318,669)
TOTAL NET OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	1,099,990	\$ 1,287,483

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF LIQUIDATED CLAIMS SINCE CONSUMMATION (NOVEMBER 28, 1988) THROUGH MARCH 31, 2015

Trust Liquidated Claims	Number	Amount	Average Payment Amount
Pre-Class Action Complaint November 19, 1990 and Before-			
Full Liquidated Claim Value	27,590	\$1,187,852,399	
Present Value Discount (1)		(135,306,535)	
Net Settlements	27,590	1,052,545,864	
Payments	(27,590)	(1,052,545,864)	\$38,150
Unpaid Balance	0	\$0	
Post-Class Action Complaint After November 19, 1990-			
Offers Made at Full Liquidated Amount	821,916	\$42,319,291,443	
Reduction in Claim Value (2)		(38,726,954,413)	
Net Offer Amount	821,916	3,592,337,030	
Offers Accepted	(818,615)	(3,580,181,292)	<u>\$4,373</u>
Outstanding Offers	3,301	12,155,738	
Offers Accepted, Not Paid	2,095	5,094,221	
Unpaid Balance	5,396	17,249,959	
Total Trust Liquidated Claims	846,205	4,632,727,156	\$5,475
Manville Liquidated Claims Paid (3)	158	\$24,946,620	
Co-Defendant Liquidated Claims (4)			
Settlement Claim Value		\$94,383,561	
Investment Receipts (5)		2,624,732	
Payments		(97,008,293)	
Payable		\$0	

- (1) The unpaid liability for Pre-Class Action Complaint claims has been reduced based upon a plan approved by the Courts in January, 1994 which requires the Trust to offer to pay a discounted amount in full satisfaction of the unpaid claim amount.
- (2) Under the TDP, Post Class Action Complaint claims have been reported at a pro rata percentage of their liquidated value.
- (3) Manville Liquidated Claims refers to Liquidated AH Claims (as defined in the Plan) which the Trust has paid pursuant to an order of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York dated January 27, 1987.
- (4) Number of personal injury claimants not identifiable.
- (5) Investment receipts of separate investment escrow account established for the sub-class beneficiaries per the Stipulation of Settlement, net of income taxes.

MANVILLE PERSONAL INJURY SETTLEMENT TRUST SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF LIQUIDATED CLAIMS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

Trust Liquidated Claims	Number	Amount	Payment Amount
Post-Class Action Complaint After November 19, 1990 (1)			
Offers Outstanding as of December 31, 2014	2,440	\$10,151,132	
Net Offers Made (2)	7,228	22,466,749	
Offers Accepted	(6,367)	(20,462,143)	\$3,214
Offers Outstanding as of March 31, 2015	3,301	12,155,738	
Offers Accepted, Not Paid as of March 31, 2015	2,095	5,094,221	
Payable as of March 31, 2015	5,396	\$17,249,959	

Co-Defendant Liquidated Claims

0
0
\$0

⁽¹⁾ Under the TDP, Post Class Action Complaint claims have been reported at a pro rata percentage of their liquidated value.

⁽²⁾ Represents payment offers made during the period net of rejected and expired offers.